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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/084,206	02/28/2002	Yi Li	PF191D1C1 6254 EXAMINER	
22195 75	590 07/16/2004			
HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DEPT.			ULM, JOHN D	
	GROVE ROAD	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ROCKVILLE, MD 20850			1646	
			DATE MAILED: 07/16/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/084,206	LI ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		John D. Ulm	1646			
The MAILIN Period for Reply	G DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
THE MAILING DAT  - Extensions of time may after SIX (6) MONTHS fithe period for reply symplement of the period for reply is:  - Failure to reply within the Any reply received by the	TATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 rom the mailing date of this communication. ecified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply specified above, the maximum statutory period we set or extended period for reply will, by statute, to Office later than three months after the mailing strent. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	i6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from I	ely filed  will be considered timely.  the mailing date of this communication.			
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive t	o communication(s) filed on 17 Ma	av 2004.				
	2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 18 and 21-91 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 18 is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☐ Claim(s) 21-91 is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specificat	ion is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
	not request that any objection to the d					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.(			- (			
12) Acknowledgma a) All b) S  1. Certified 2. Certified 3. Copies application	ent is made of a claim for foreign pome * c) None of: d copies of the priority documents d copies of the priority documents of the certified copies of the priorit tion from the International Bureau ed detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Applicatio by documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	n No I in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References C		4) Interview Summary (F	PTO-413)			
2)  Notice of Draftsperson's 3)  Information Disclosure Paper No(s)/Mail Date §	s Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 5/7/04.	Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Pate 6) Other:	D			

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- 1) Claims 18 and 21 to 91 are pending in the instant application.
- 2) Any objection or rejection of record that is not expressly repeated in this action has been overcome by Applicant's response and withdrawn.
- 3) The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 4) Claim 18 stands withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the reply filed on 13 November of 2003.
- 5) Claims 21 to 91 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is not supported by either a specific and substantial asserted utility or a well established utility for those reasons of record in section 4 of the previous office action. As stated therein, the instant application does not disclose a specific biological role for protein of the instant invention or its significance to a particular disease, disorder of physiological process which one would wish to manipulate for a desired clinical effect. Applicant has traversed this rejection on the premise that "the application does disclose a specific biological role for the protein and a significance to a particular disease state", at "for example, page 24, paragraphs [0085] through [0087]". The text referred to by Applicant asserts that:

"[0086] For example, compounds which activate the G-protein may be employed for therapeutic purposes, such the treatment of asthma, Parkinson's disease, acute heart failure, hypotension, urinary retention, and osteoporosis.

[0087] In general, compounds which inhibit activation the G-protein PAF receptor may be employed for variety of therapeutic purposes, example, the treatment of hypertension,

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angina pectoris, myocardial infarction, ulcers, asthma, allergies, benign prostatic hypertrophy and psychotic and neurological disorders, including schizophrenia, manic excitement, depression, delirium, dementia severe mental retardation, dyskinesias, such as Huntington's disease Gilles dila Tourett's syndrome, among others. Compounds inhibit G-protein PAF receptors have also been useful reversing endogenous anorexia and the control of bulimia." This argument has not been found persuasive because, as essentially stated in the original rejection, there is no evidence or sound scientific reading of record that supports a conclusion that a receptor protein of the instant invention plays any specific and substantial role in any of those diseases and disorders listed above.

Applicant has further traversed this rejection on the basis that the Kyaw et al. (DNA Cell Biol., 17:493-500 (1998)) and Im et al. (J. Cell Biol. 153:429-434 (2001)) publications disclose that the protein identified in the instant specification as a G protein-coupled PAF receptor is actually a psychosine receptor "that play as role in the white matter disease Globoid Cell Leukodystrophy (GLD; also known as Krabbe's disease)". It is noted that the instant specification does not appear to have disclosed this critical information. An invention must be patentable at the time that an application is filed. Applicant may not rely upon subsequent discoveries to complete the claimed invention. In the decision In re Lundberg, 117 USPQ 190, 1958, the CCPA held that "advantages which are not disclosed in application cannot be urged as basis for allowing claims". It is a mater of law that an invention must have a specific and substantial utility in currently available form (at the time that an application is filed). As stated in the original rejection, the court in Brenner v. Manson, 148 U.S.P.Q. 689 (Sus. Ct, 1966) held that: " [u]nless and until a process is refined and developed to this pointwhere specific benefit exists in currently available form-there is insufficient justification

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for permitting an applicant to engross what may prove to be a broad field", and "a patent is not a hunting license", " [i]t is not a reward for the search, but compensation for its successful conclusion."

Applicant's reliance on In re Brana, 51 F.3d 1560,1566, 34 USPQ2d 1436,1441 (Fed. Cir. 1995) is misplaced. That court decision determined that a compound which belonged to a family of compounds known to have anti-tumor activity, which is a common and well established specific and substantial utility for that family of compounds, would be reasonably expected to have anti-tumor activity in light of positive in vitro data with respect to that particular compound since that data has proven to be an indicator of anti-cancer activity by other members of that family. The protein of the instant invention does not belong to a family of compounds with a common, well established, specific and substantial utility and there is absolutely no evidence that the claimed protein plays a specifically identified role in any of the diseases or disorders listed in the instant specification. The utility of those members of the receptor family to which the claimed protein in the instant application belongs lies in the knowledge that they modulate a specific physiological activity in response to a specific ligand. Since the instant specification does not credibly disclose the identity of a native ligand for the protein of the instant invention, simply disclosing the fact that a protein of the instant invention is a member of the G protein-coupled receptor family is not particularly useful.

6) Claims 21 to 91 also stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph. Specifically, since the claimed invention is not supported by either a specific and

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substantial asserted utility or a well established utility for the reasons set forth above, one skilled in the art clearly would not know how to use the claimed invention.

- 7) Claims 21 to 25, 27 to 34, 36 to 44, 46 to 56, 58 to 64, 66 to 72, 74 to 80 82 to 88, 90 and 91 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by the Mattson et al. patent publication (WO 98/32858, 30 July 1998) for those reasons of record in section 7 of the previous office action.
- 8) Applicant's arguments filed 07 May of 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive for those reasons given above.
- 9) THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

10) This application contains claim 18, which is drawn to an invention nonelected with traverse in the reply filed on.13 November of 2003. A complete reply to the final rejection must include cancellation of nonelected claims or other appropriate action (37 CFR 1.144) See MPEP § 821.01.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John D. Ulm whose telephone number is (571) 272-0880. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00AM to 5:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kunz Gary can be reached on (571) 272-0887. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JOHN ULM PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 1800